Volume 15

Pages 2149 - 2161

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

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Before The Honorable Vince Chhabria, Judge

EDWARD HARDEMAN,

Plaintiff,

VS.

NO. C 16-00525 VC

MONSANTO COMPANY,

Defendant.

San Francisco, California Monday, March 18, 2019

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

APPEARANCES:

For Plaintiff:

ANDRUS WAGSTAFF PC 7171 W. Alaska Drive Lakewood, Colorado 80226 BY: AIMEE H. WAGSTAFF, ATTORNEY AT LAW DAVID J. WOOL, ATTORNEY AT LAW

MOORE LAW GROUP 1473 South 4th Street Louisville, Kentucky 40208 BY: JENNIFER MOORE, ATTORNEY AT LAW

(APPEARANCES CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE)

REPORTED BY: Marla F. Knox, RPR, CRR Official Reporter

1	APPEARANCES :	(CONTIN	UED)
2	For Defendant	:	
3			WILKINSON WALSH ESKOVITZ LLP 2001 M Street, NW - 10th Floor
4 5		BY:	Washington, D.C. 20036 BRIAN L. STEKLOFF, ATTORNEY AT LAW RAKESH N. KILARU, ATTORNEY AT LAW
6			TAMARRA MATTHEWS JOHNSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW JULIE RUBENSTEIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW
7			CALI COPE-KASTEN, ATTORNEY AT LAW
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1	Monday - March 18, 2019 8:47 a.m.
2	<u>PROCEEDINGS</u>
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4	(The following proceedings were heard in open court:)
5	THE COURT: Nothing to talk about before we bring in
6	the jury?
7	MR. STEKLOFF: No, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: We are going to do it in, like, 20-minute
9	increments; 20 minutes, five-minute break, 20 minutes,
10	five-minute break.
11	MS. MOORE: Okay.
12	(Proceedings were heard in the presence of the jury:)
13	THE COURT: Good morning, everybody. You asked to
14	hear read back of Mr. Hardeman's testimony. So we will provide
15	that to you now courtesy of Marla. We will do it in about
16	the testimony is about an hour long. We will do it in roughly
17	20 minute intervals; 20 minutes, five-minute break, 20 more
18	minutes, five-minute break. So, Marla, take it away.
19	(Record read of Mr. Hardeman's testimony as requested
20	by the Jury.)
21	THE COURT: You can head back to the jury room and
22	resume your deliberations. See you soon, maybe.
23	(Proceedings were heard out of presence of the jury:)
24	MS. WAGSTAFF: Before we start opening statement if
25	they are necessary I have a few comments to go over with

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1	you. I don't know if now is a good time or you want to
2	THE COURT: Sure.
3	MS. WAGSTAFF: Just a few brief comments. First is
4	there is an e-mail that is if I may hand it to you, we would
5	like to use this e-mail in Phase Two and in our opening
6	statement. The date of it is 2015, which post-dates his use.
7	However, the reason why we would like to use this is on page 2,
8	which ends in 598, it is Bill Heydens talking about the way
9	that they ghostwrote the Williams' article. You have seen this
10	e-mail throughout the litigation. The only reason I'm bringing
11	it to your attention is because it post-dates his use. So that
12	is the reason we would like to use his e-mail. I think it
13	relates to pre-use conduct because the Williams' article was
14	drafted in 2000. He quit using Roundup in 2012. So I just
15	wanted to run this by the Court so there wasn't any confusion
16	on whether or not I could use this document.
17	THE COURT: Okay. So what you are saying is that this
18	document post-dates Mr. Hardeman's use, but it reflects
19	ghostwriting that took place while Mr. Hardeman was still using
20	Roundup?
21	MS. WAGSTAFF: Correct.
22	THE COURT: If that's what it reflects, then I would
23	assume it would be okay. I haven't read the e-mail yet.
24	MS. WAGSTAFF: I can direct you specifically to what
25	in the e-mail we want to be using. If you look to the

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1 cascade -- the second page where it says Donna at the top. 2 THE COURT: Yeah. MS. WAGSTAFF: Are you there? This is from 3 Dr. Heydens. If you look down in the -- sort of the biggest 4 5 paragraph starting with "for the overall plausibility," it talks about a less expensive, more palatable approach might be 6 to involve experts only for the area of contingent; and then it 7 qoes on and then it talks about qhostwriting. At the very end 8 it says, Recall this is how we handled Williams, Kroes and 9 10 Munro 2000. 11 So to the extent there is pushback from Monsanto that the Williams' article was ghostwritten, the article says above that 12 13 black line, We ghostwrote the exposure tox and geno sections. So it relates back to the 2000 Williams' article. 14 15 THE COURT: I assume that the -- it would depend on 16 whether there is other evidence of ghostwriting the Williams, 17 Kroes and Munro article, right? I mean, if -- if there is -if this is how you are able to prove that the -- that that 18 19 article was ghostwritten, then I would think that it would be appropriate to figure out a way, somehow, to get this in. 20 But I'm sort of assuming that you have other evidence that that 21 article was ghostwritten, and you are trying to get this in to 22 23 show that subsequent articles were ghostwritten. That's what it seems to me. 24 25 MS. WAGSTAFF: Well --

1 THE COURT: Do you not have other evidence that the 2 Williams, Kroes and Munro article was ghostwritten? **MS. WAGSTAFF:** We believe this is actually a party 3 admission that is some of our best evidence that it was 4 5 ghostwritten. I will go back and compare this to other evidence we have that was ghostwritten. We can revisit this. 6 I just wanted to bring this to your attention now. 7 **THE COURT:** I mean, do you agree with the framework 8 that I established for whether this would be admissible given 9 that I have ruled that evidence of ghostwriting is admissible 10 11 and given that I have ruled that evidence of post-use conduct is not admissible? 12 13 MR. STEKLOFF: Yes. They have testimony of Dr. Heydens that they believe would help establish that the 14 15 article was qhostwritten. And so, therefore, I don't think 16 they need this e-mail which --**THE COURT:** It would depend how strong that evidence 17 is, right? And it would depend -- you know, it would depend --18 19 you know, whose testimony it is, based on what documents and, you know, so if that's -- if it is in dispute whether that 2000 20 article was ghostwritten; and this is additional evidence that 21 it was, then I would think this would be -- this probably would 22 23 be admissible. That would be my sense. So -- but the burden 24 is on you to show that it is admissible so, you know, given my 25 ruling about post-use conduct.

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evidence is, and you need to explain to me why this is in dispute and, you know if it is something that Monsanto disputing and there is evidence going both ways, then I wo think that this potentially would be admissible. MS. WAGSTAFF: Okay. So I will bring this I w go weigh all that evidence. It is in dispute. As you hav heard throughout the entire litigation, that it is in disp THE COURT: Well, I mean, I'm asking whether it i dispute in this trial. MS. WAGSTAFF: It is in dispute. Maybe it's not. MR. STEKLOFF: What is not what is in dispute, I guess, is that in the Williams' article itself in the acknowledgment sections it specifically lists the role several Monsanto scientists. So I guess to the extent the extent that THE COURT: Does it say that Monsanto scientists drafted the article and then the listed authors just edite acimmed their perce?	uld ill e ute.
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18 drafted the article and then the listed authors just edite	
10 gigned their names	d and
19 signed their names?	
20 MR. STEKLOFF: No, it doesn't; but I'm not so sur	е
21 that that's what happened either.	
22 THE COURT: That's what this says, right? That's	what
23 this says happened for with Williams, Kroes and Munro,	
24 right?	
25 MR. STEKLOFF: Understood, Your Honor.	

1	THE COURT: So if you are disputing that, then it
2	sounds like this evidence would be admissible, I would think.
3	There would be a question of how to which aspects of it are
4	admissible and, you know, is it the whole thing or is there
5	some way to redact it pursuant to Rule 403 that still allows
6	the Plaintiffs to make that point.
7	MR. STEKLOFF: I think it also depends on I haven't
8	gone back to specifically check the Heydens' deposition but
9	what the testimony is from Dr. Heydens I think.
10	THE COURT: As of now it is not admissible. However,
11	I'm guessing that the Plaintiffs are going to be able to sort
12	of establish its admissibility by making a presentation about
13	the other evidence relating to this issue.
14	MS. WAGSTAFF: Okay. We will do that next time we are
15	in front of you, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: And then which reminds me, I want to
17	review opening slides for both sides. So when am I going to
18	get those?
19	MS. WAGSTAFF: I have a copy for you right now if you
20	would like.
21	THE COURT: Okay.
22	MS. WAGSTAFF: Before I hand that to you, another
23	thing about this this e-mail that you have in front of you,
24	we have we don't have an agreement on whether or not we
25	should redact European names simply because of European privacy

laws. I think you had sort of opined on that earlier at the beginning of the litigation.

THE COURT: If I recall, my opinion was that -- well, 3 maybe you can remind me. I think my opinion was I don't see 4 5 how European law could require us in this trial to redact those 6 names; but if it's not terribly important who it is -- if it is not particularly important who the person is, I wouldn't -- you 7 know, I would be open to redacting just to avoid that 8 complication; but if it is important that it was X person 9 10 rather than Y person saying something in a document, I would --11 you know, my pretty strong inclination would be that their name shouldn't be redacted. 12

13 MS. WAGSTAFF: Sure. We think it is important especially when you take Mark Martens, for example -- who is 14 15 one of our depositions, and then he has -- he basically lays 16 out the Parry story from start to finish -- and then you have 17 e-mails that look like this or even worse -- just black bolds 18 everywhere -- and it is his own name. So they are watching 19 deposition testimony of Mark Martens; reading e-mails that he 20 wrote that are all blacked out. So in circumstances like that, we -- I would assume the burden would be on Monsanto to further 21 22 redaction, but I just wanted to bring that to the Court's 23 attention.

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MR. STEKLOFF: So my -- not an expert in European

THE COURT: I would say that is correct.

1	privacy laws my understanding is that if there is a European
2	citizen, then while the name so let's just use Dr. Martens
3	as an example. There are portions of the deposition where the
4	questioner asks Mr. Martens I think it is actually
5	Ms. Wagstaff reads portions of an e-mail and can use
6	let's say Dr. Martens' name is in an e-mail, that portion is
7	actually read out loud. That part we are not redacting, say,
8	from a playback of a video where his name was used.
9	But my limited understanding of European privacy law is
10	that if we don't redact the name in the document as opposed
11	to say in the oral testimony then that could potentially
12	or is in violation of European privacy law.
13	I, again, as when we discussed this before, I think
14	don't think there are any limitations about what Your Honor
15	could order, but I think we can't just voluntarily unredact
16	that name.
17	That is sort of the circumstance we are in now. We have
18	redacted names of European citizens or residents who are
19	living. If they are deceased, then it is actually not an
20	issue. So Dr. Parry's name, I think, has not been redacted
21	and but we are not objecting to say where an e-mail is read
22	and then the name is used. We could either keep the
23	redactions; explain to the jury that they are there.
24	THE COURT: Well, no. Here is my order.
25	MR. STEKLOFF: Okay.

1	THE COURT: It is not regarding any specific document
2	or any specific name, but my order is that if it is not
3	particularly consequential who the person is, then I'm allowing
4	you to redact it. If it is consequential who the person is, it
5	may not be redacted. That is my order. I will require you to
6	meet and confer on that. If there are any disputes on that,
7	then you can bring that up with me.
8	The point is to put it another way if the actual
9	name of the person has evidentiary value in the trial, then it
10	cannot be redacted.
11	MR. STEKLOFF: With that order, then I think I will
12	not get in trouble in European privacy laws.
13	THE COURT: I hope not.
14	MR. STEKLOFF: We are not trying to redact the names
15	to be clear. I'm just trying to comply
16	THE COURT: I understand.
17	MS. WAGSTAFF: My understanding is once you have an
18	order from the Court, that takes care of the problem.
19	THE COURT: If you need a written order repeating what
20	I just said, that is fine too.
21	MR. STEKLOFF: We can use that transcript. Then we
22	can coordinate on easily on unredacting, say, Dr. Martens' name
23	and
24	THE COURT: Anything else? Opening slides?
25	MS. WAGSTAFF: So one more thing. When we had given

1	some request for admission over the years, they have come with
2	a lot of sort of fluff and extra language. And so I gave
3	Mr. Stekloff the requests that we intend to use with the direct
4	language of what they are actually admitting, and I told him
5	which set of requests for admissions they are. So in my slides
6	I have the language that I think he will agree to which is
7	reflective of what was actually admitted in the RFA.
8	MR. STEKLOFF: I just received it, so I have to go
9	back and see. Obviously at the beginning, as you know, of our
10	phase, often there are a lot of objections. I don't think that
11	would have to be played. I don't know how the rest of it has
12	been edited. I just have to go look back through that
13	language.
14	THE COURT: So the upshot is that you have given him
15	the slides where you use those or you have given him
16	MS. WAGSTAFF: I have given him a memo that lists,
17	Here are the RFAs we plan to use in Phase Two with the language
18	we plan to use. We would say, Admit that you have never warned
19	about cancer. And they would say, Objection seven
20	sentences and then admitted. So I just took out sort of all
21	of the objections.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MR. STEKLOFF: I will verify that. I also my
24	opening dec is ready. I don't have a copy here. I will go
25	print it and have it brought to Ms. Melen.

PRO	CEED	INGS	5
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1	THE COURT: Great.
2	MS. WAGSTAFF: That's all. I just I have that
3	slide in there we just talked about. So obviously I won't use
4	it if we don't prove to you that we can't
5	THE COURT: Okay. What I would say for now is take it
6	out of your opening.
7	MS. WAGSTAFF: Yeah, yeah. I just printed it before I
8	came in.
9	THE COURT: And, you know, even if you don't use it in
10	opening, that doesn't preclude you from using it as long as you
11	can make that showing. Okay. Thank you.
12	MS. MOORE: Thank you, Your Honor.
13	THE CLERK: Court is in recess.
14	(Recess taken at 9:49 a.m.)
15	(Jurors left for the day at 3:00 p.m.)
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3	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTERS
4	I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript
5	from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
6	
7	DATE: Monday, March 18, 2019
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10	Marla Krox
11	Marla F. Knox, RPR, CRR
12	U.S. Court Reporter
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